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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/717,784	11/19/2003	Coach K. Wei	NW-103	8603
27769	7590 08/20/2004		EXAMINER	
AKC PATENTS			COURTENAY III, ST JOHN	
215 GROVE ST. NEWTON, MA 02466			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
112111011, 11	LI 02700		2126	
			DATE MAILED: 08/20/200	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/717,784	WEI, COACH K.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	St. John Courtenay III	2126				
The MAILING DATE of this communicati	on appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence addr	ess			
Period for Reply		MONTH (O) EDOM				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	FION.  CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a stion.  ys, a reply within the statutory minimum of the y period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC by statute, cause the application to become a statute.	a reply be timely filed  nirty (30) days will be considered timely.  DNTHS from the mailing date of this comi  ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.			
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed or	า 19 November 2003.					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	☐ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for a						
closed in accordance with the practice u	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-78 is/are pending in the appli 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are w 5) ☐ Claim(s) 1-54 is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 55-67,70,71 and 74-78 is/are re 7) ☐ Claim(s) 68,69,72 and 73 is/are objected 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction	ejected.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Ex 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on 19 November 20.  Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by	03 is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b) to the drawing(s) be held in abey correction is required if the drawir	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR	1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for f a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority doc 2. Certified copies of the priority doc 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action fo	uments have been received. uments have been received in ne priority documents have bee Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No en received in this National Stot received.	/			
Attachment(s)		ST. JOHN COURTE PRIMARY EXAM				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interviev	v Summary (PTO-413)				
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-93) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No.	o(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application (PTO-1	52)			

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#### **Detailed Action**

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 55 - 57, 59, 60, 64-66 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by **Lection et al.** (U.S. Patent Application Publication U.S. 2003/0131051).

## As per independent claim 55:

**Lection** teaches a distributed computing system for running an application over a network, wherein the application comprises a client side component and a server side component, the system comprising:

 a client runtime environment (CRE) for running the client side component of the application and maintaining the client side application's state in a client side Document Object Model (DOM) [Lection teaches the use of the Document Object Model (DOM) where data is stored on the client and server side; see clients 108, 110, 112, fig. 1, see discussion beginning page 2, §0021];

- a server runtime environment (SRE) for running the server side component of the application and maintaining the server side application's state in a server side DOM [Lection teaches the use of the Document Object Model (DOM) where data is stored on the server and client side [see server cluster 120 and server 104 shown in fig. 1, see discussion beginning page 2, §0021]; and
- wherein the client side DOM is automatically synchronized with the server side DOM [Lection teaches a method for synchronizing data representing in a memory as a Document Object Model see discussion page 3, beginning § 0035, "The present invention addresses the problem of trying to keep the data identical on all the separate server machines in the cluster even when the data is changing so that identical requests from clients to any machine will be identical" also see § 0036: "In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention, data is represented in memory as a document object model (DOM)"].

### As per dependent claim 56:

**Lection** teaches a real-time bi-directional messaging system for sending and receiving messages between the CRE and the SRE [ see Java Messaging Service, p. 3 §0035; see message based data sharing model, p. 6, §0100, §0103].

### As per dependent claim 57:

**Lection** teaches the automatic synchronization between the client side DOM and the server side DOM is performed via the real-time bi-directional messaging system [ see Java Messaging Service, p. 3 §0035; see message based data sharing model, p. 6, §0100, §0103].

#### As per dependent claims 59 & 60:

See server cluster 120 discussion p. 2, §0022.

#### As per dependent claims 64 & 65:

See, e.g., where Lection teaches a method for synchronizing data representing in a memory as a Document Object Model – see discussion page 3, beginning § 0035, "The present invention address the problem of trying to keep the data identical on all the separate server machines in the cluster – even when the data is changing – so that identical requests from clients to any machine will be identical."

#### As per independent claim 66:

**Lection** teaches a distributed data storage system comprising:

- a client side DOM for storing client side data [ Lection teaches the use of the Document Object Model (DOM) where data is stored on the client and server side; see clients 108, 110, 112, fig. 1, see discussion beginning page 2, §0021];
- a server side DOM for storing server side data [ Lection teaches the use of the Document Object Model (DOM) where data is stored on the server and client side [see server cluster 120 and server 104 shown in fig. 1, see discussion beginning page 2, §0021];
- a client side engine and a server side engine for synchronizing the client side DOM with the server side DOM and the reverse, respectively, over a network [Lection teaches a method for synchronizing data representing in a memory as a Document Object Model – see discussion page 3, beginning § 0035, "The present invention address the problem of trying to keep the data identical on all the separate server machines in the cluster – even when the data is changing – so that identical requests from clients to

any machine will be identical" – also see § 0036: "In accordance with a preferred embodiment of the present invention, data is represented in memory as a document object model (DOM)"].

Claims 67, 70, 71, 74 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by **Burak et al.** (U.S. Patent Application Publication U.S. 2002/0161853).

#### As per independent claim 67:

**Burak** teaches a method for performing `server-push" of a plurality of messages from a server to a client machine comprising:

 sending a normal HTTP request from the client machine to the server by opening an HTTP connection to the server [see page 2, §0034];

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- accepting the HTTP connection by the server [see page 2, §0035];
- sending back to the client machine a response by the server wherein the response comprises an HTTP header instructing the client machine not to close the HTTP connection until a certain condition is met thereby maintaining the HTTP connection open [the server does this by omitting the content length heard from the HTTP response packet OR by specifying a very large value in the content length header – see page 2, §§0037, 0038]; and
- sending one or more of the plurality of messages to the client machine by the server via the open HTTP connection [see "server will keep transmitting" discussion page 2, §0038, line 4].

#### As per dependent claim 70:

**Burak** teaches the HTTP header comprises a "Content-length" header field indicating that the server response is a number that is bigger than a sum of all content lengths of the plurality of messages, and the certain condition comprises a total number of bytes to be delivered equals or exceeds the number [ see specifying a very large value in the content length header – see page 2, §0038].

#### As per independent claim 71:

**Burak** teaches a communication system for performing "serverpush" from a web application running inside an application server comprising:

- a server module adapted to run inside the application server and to receive a request and to send a response to the request via a network connection [see page 2, §§ 0033-0038];
- a client machine adapted to send the request to the server module and to receive the response to the request via the network connection [see page 2, §0034]; and
- wherein the server module performs `server-push" of a
  plurality of messages to the client machine upon receipt of
  an HTTP request from the client machine and accepting an
  HTTP network connection opened by the client machine by
  sending back to the client machine a response comprising an
  HTTP header instructing the client machine not to close the
  HTTP network connection until a certain condition is met

thereby maintaining the HTTP network connection open and then sending one or more of the plurality of messages to the client machine via the open HTTP network connection [the server does this by omitting the content length heard from the HTTP response packet OR by specifying a very large value in the content length header – see page 2, §§0037, 0038; see also "server will keep transmitting" discussion page 2, §0038, line 4].

#### As per dependent claim 74:

**Burak** teaches the HTTP header comprises a "Content-length" header field indicating that the server response is a number that is bigger than a sum of all content lengths of the plurality of messages, and the certain condition comprises a total number of bytes to be delivered equals or exceeds the number [ see specifying a very large value in the content length header – see page 2, §0038].

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which the subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 75-78 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Burak et al.** (U.S. Patent Application Publication U.S. 2002/0161853) in view of **Bernhard** (U.S. Patent Application Publication U.S. 2003/0033369).

### As per dependent claims 75-78:

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**Burak** discloses the invention substantially as claimed, as discussed above.

However, **Burak** does not *explicitly* teach the following additional limitations:

**Bernhard** teaches the use of J2EE and .NET application servers where a server module is adapted to run behind the application server and an API, as claimed [e.g, see "J2EE "discussion p. 2, §0033, p. 4, §0046; see ".NET" discussion p. 2, §0032, p. 3, §0034, "API" p. 3, §0036, p. 4, §0053; see dynamic deployment feature of the disclosed container application servers, p. 3, §0039 –see figures 1 & 2 & 4.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to improve upon the system taught by **Burak** by implementing the improvements detailed above because it would provide **Burak's** system with the enhanced capability of "reducing difficulties associated with deployments and upgrades" in the context of a "J2EE" or ".NET" application server system [e.g., see **Bernhard**, p. 2, §§0029-0034].

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Claims 58, 61, 62, 63 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Lection et al.** (U.S. Patent Application Publication U.S. 2003/0131051) in view of **Bernhard** (U.S. Patent Application Publication U.S. 2003/0033369).

#### As per dependent claims 58, 61, 62, 63:

**Lection** discloses the invention substantially as claimed, as discussed above.

However, **Lection** does not *explicitly* teach the following additional limitations:

**Bernhard** teaches the use of a web browser, Extensible Markup Language (XML), and HTTP messages, as claimed [see e.g., p. 4, §0054, see Web service message handling and dispatching, p 2, §0034].

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to improve upon the system taught by **Lection** by implementing the improvements detailed above because it would provide **Lection's** system with the enhanced capability of "reducing difficulties associated with deployments and upgrades" in the context of a "J2EE" or ".NET" application server system [e.g., see **Bernhard**, p. 2, §§0029-0034].

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#### **Allowable Subject Matter:**

Claims 68, 69, 72 & 73 claim specific implementations of HTTP header fields that appear to be allowable over the prior art of record if rewritten to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims, subject to the results of a final search. These claims stand objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim.

Claims 1-54 appear to be allowable over the prior art of record, subject to the results of a final search. The prior art of record does not teach nor fairly suggest the merging of a first object oriented representation with a second object oriented representation to create a new object representation wherein the new object oriented representation defines a new state of the application, as claimed by independent claims 1, 23, 41, & 45.

## **Prior Art not relied upon:**

Please refer to the references listed on the attached PTO-892 which are not relied upon in the claim rejections detailed above.

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#### How to Contact the Examiner:

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to St. John Courtenay III, J.D., M.B.A., whose telephone number is 703-308-5217. A voice mail service is also available at this number. The examiner can normally be reached on M - F 7:30 AM - 4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, An Meng-AI who can be reached on 703-305-9678. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Effective Oct. 15, 2003, ALL patent application correspondence transmitted by FAX must be directed to the new PTO central FAX number:

**NEW PTO CENTRAL FAX NUMBER:** 703-872-9306

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The Manual of Patent Examining Procedure (MPEP) is available online at: http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/mpep/index.html

ST. JOHN COURTENAY BE PRIMARY EXAMINED